1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
3	X
4	SOKOLOW, et al., : 04-CV-397
5	Plaintiffs, : October 4, 2012
6	v. : 500 Pearl Street : New York, New York
7	PALESTINE LIBERATION ORGANIZATION, : et al., :
8	Defendants. :
9	X
10	TRANSCRIPT OF CIVIL CAUSE FOR CONFERENCE
11	BEFORE THE HONORABLE RONALD L. ELLIS UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
12	ONTILD STATES TRIGISTATE CODE
13	APPEARANCES:
14	For the Plaintiffs: DAVID SHONE, ESQ.
15	
16	For the Defendants: BRIAN A. HILL, ESQ.
17	Miller & Chevalier, Chtd. 655 15th Street, North West #900
18	Washington, DC 20005
19	
20	Court Transcriber: SHARI RIEMER TypeWrite Word Processing Service
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	Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by transcription service

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    (Microphones 3 and 4 not working.)
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              THE CLERK: Sokolow v. Palestine Liberation
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    Organization, et al.
              All counsel, please identify yourselves for the
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    record and please stand addressing the court.
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              MR. SHONE: I'm David Shone, Your Honor, [inaudible]
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    representing the plaintiffs in this case.
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              MR. SOLOMON: Aaron Solomon also representing
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   plaintiffs in this case.
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              MR. HILL: Good morning, Your Honor. Brian Hill for
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    the PLO and the Palestinian Authority.
              THE COURT: Good morning. Most of the communications
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    that we've had recently have come from you, Mr. Hill.
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              MR. HILL: Yes, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: I did not see anything from the plaintiffs
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    in response to Mr. Hill's request challenging certain things
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    that you've asked for.
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              MR. SHONE: If I may. David Shone. Here's where we
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    stand on that. We've been in touch with Mr. Hill by email in
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    the last day or so. As the court is aware, three letters
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    addressing premotion conference at issue written on October 1^{st}
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    [inaudible] Jewish holiday. Then I'll skip ahead on who's
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    right and who's wrong about all [inaudible].
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              Mr. Hill has agreed that as to two of those letters,
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    that is the -- there's two letters dated October 1st. Two of
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3 those letters, one regarding the deposition of Ms. Alazeer 1 2 [Ph.], the other regarding answers to certain interrogatories 3 but they should be -- well, we can ask the court to defer those to be able to respond and to take up the next conference which 4 frankly we would like to ask the court at the end to set the 5 6 next two to three weeks and the defendants would not oppose --7 the defendants do not oppose deferring as to those two letters. 8 The third letter relates to damages depositions that are ongoing. Mr. Solomon is here to address orally to the 9 extent he can having received this October 1st letter. 10 11 Beyond that, Your Honor, if I could by way of housekeeping I think my understanding I suppose what we're here 12 13 for would be then the status of course and then there was an August 14th letter outstanding that Mr. Hill's colleague wrote 14 15 asking for a premotion conference and I understood that that would be the subject of this conference. 16 17 So to sum it up, my understanding is subject to the conference would be a status. The August 14th letter from Mr. 18 19 Roshan, Mr. Hill's partner, and the letter -- I'm going to call 20 it the Bluestein letter of October 1st. 21 THE COURT: I should also tell you that we never think 22 of things in terms of dates. We think of it in terms of 23 issues. 24 MR. SHONE: I see. 25 THE COURT: So you referred to something as a letter

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    from Mr. Hill with a date. I have no idea what that's about.
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              MR. SHONE: I'm sorry, Your Honor. What I mean to say
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    is the letter regarding initial disclosures.
              THE COURT: Now I know what you're talking about.
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              MR. SHONE: Yes, Your Honor.
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              MR. HILL: Your Honor, it's obviously up to you which
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    of these four you want to take up today. By way of explanation
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    of the letter about the interrogatories I sent on Monday was a
    correction to a letter I did send last week on September 26<sup>th</sup>.
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    So it was not as last minute as it may have sounded from the
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   plaintiff's presentation. The letter I sent on Monday
    regarding the deposition I sent because the plaintiffs had
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    noticed that deposition for yesterday and I was obviously
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    required to seek relief before the date in order to avoid a
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    sanction under Rule 37.
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              But Mr. Shone is correct. I'm willing to wait on
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    those two if Your Honor prefers although I will say with
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    respect to the interrogatories I'm not sure what the plaintiffs
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    are going to say since you've already ruled that what they did
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    with respect to these interrogatories, namely naming the United
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    States, Israel, the Palestinian Authority and the PLO as
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    persons with knowledge is improper and you previously ruled
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    it's not only improper but sanctionable but I'm happy to wait
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    for them to respond in writing and Your Honor to rule on that.
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              THE COURT: Well, let me recap then. There's the
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5 issue of the initial disclosures. There's the issue of Alazeer 1 2 There's the issue of the document requests. deposition. 3 MR. SHONE: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: And the issue of the interrogatories. 4 5 ones that you are suggesting that we defer are the deposition 6 and the interrogatories. 7 MR. SHONE: Yes, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Why exactly are we deferring those though? 9 I mean for example, the interrogatories, I think Mr. Hill is 10 right that we've been talking about this for months. Is there 11 something new that you're going to be adding? 12 MR. SHONE: Well, Your Honor, let me say this. First 13 of all, I think that it was a cheap shot at the end there. 14 have exchanged emails yesterday which we took great exception 15 to Mr. Hill having been told that the offices were closed for the Jewish holidays. [Inaudible] written a letter with a cover 16 17 that says I understand your office is closed, here's a 18 correction of my letter. In his original letter he advised the 19 court that he had not received certain information and he 20 corrected it to say that he had received certain information. 21 But, in any event, at the end -- I'm new to this 22 case. At the end he wrote alternatively if you want to ask 23 Judge Ellis to defer consideration of the latter two letters, 24 these two issues, until you respond to my [inaudible] 25 subsequent hearing is held I will not oppose that request which

I then responded to him saying fine, that sounds like a good 1 2 way to proceed in this. We'll be prepared then to discuss 3 tomorrow the following issues, and not these two issues. So there is the person who provided the answers to them isn't here 4 today, Mr. Tolchin, and he would respond as to why he believes 5 6 what was provided in response to his supplemental 7 interrogatories was sufficient and that the back up documents 8 indicate why these people -- although it sounds funny on the face of it I suppose to say well, they threw out the name Colin 9 10 Powell or General Zhing but that's very general. 11 The information comes from news reports indicating they had knowledge of those things. This whole issue frankly 12 13 is turned on its head. This arose as the court is aware 14 because plaintiffs asked defendants who had knowledge that 15 these people were asked to be arrested and so on and were released. Defendants then turned around and said well, even 16 17 the plaintiffs know about it. The court has been all through 18 this I know. 19 The point is the person who provided these answers 20 based on the agreement I thought we had isn't even here today 21 to respond to that since it was suggested we defer on these 22 That's why I think from my perspective that's a cheap issues. 23 shot to say oh --24 THE COURT: Well, forgetting Mr. Hill, even if Mr. 25 Hill had not mentioned it I'm still wondering why this issue

7 keeps coming back. You're going off on him saying it's a cheap 1 2 shot and I'm reading Mr. Hill's letter and I'm saying this is 3 I still don't know why this issue is -- I keep thinking I've decided it. I keep thinking I've made myself 4 clear to the plaintiffs and yet I keep getting letters saying 5 6 that we're still getting these kinds of responses. I wouldn't 7 use the term funny. I just find it far fetched that we're 8 going to have anybody like Colin Powell as a witness. 9 What I told Mr. Tolchin is this. What I really want 10 to find out is who are likely to be witnesses so that we can 11 determine what discovery needs to be done and naming Colin 12 Powell and the President and anybody else in Washington is not 13 really going to get us anywhere. What I really wanted to know 14 if there was anybody that the plaintiffs knew specifically that 15 had information other than people whose names might pop up on a news site or a website or something. That's not helping me. 16 That's what this is all about. I know you weren't here for 17 18 that but that's what this is all about. This is not whether or 19 not in theory Colin Powell might know something, or he might. 20 Colin Powell I don't think is going to be at this trial and if 21 -- and everybody could read those articles and they can find it 22 out. 23 What I wanted from Mr. Tolchin is who do you know,

What I wanted from Mr. Tolchin is who do you know, not who did you read about. Did you read a novel and somebody mentioned someone's name. Did you go to the Drudge Report or

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did you go to Huffington Report and you said oh, these people might know something. I said give me the names. Because if you're not going to give me the names of people that you know it's not going to advance the cause anyway. So that's why I'm saying what -- if there's no additional information about Colin Powell other than that he read his name some place then this is not helping. If that's all it is then e should be finished with this.

MR. SHONE: Judge, if I may, two things in response. Number one, my understanding is that since that last proceeding names have been provided. To the extent that plaintiffs are aware of those names, and of course if the court said at the status conference that's all the plaintiffs can -- give the names of those people it is aware of who made those requests, that's number one. So I wouldn't say we're nowhere past where we were at the last status conference. Names have been provided.

Number two, these -- Colin Powell or General Zhing, it's really not just a matter of [inaudible]. These people, General Zhing for example, our information is may [inaudible] specific face to face or in writing requests for the arrest of these people. [Inaudible] people been arrested and released that's part of this pattern or practice that's alleged in the case.

But let me say this, Judge. If I could let us have

9 then -- well, by the end of this week to file a written 1 2 response to this letter. 3 THE COURT: The end of this week is tomorrow. MR. SHONE: I guess it will have to be by tomorrow. 4 5 Monday and Tuesday is the Jewish holiday and all work 6 [inaudible]. So if the court can give us to the end of that 7 next week that would be great. If the court --8 THE COURT: This is not a question of speed. I just want to know if there's -- what you've just argued about Colin 9 10 Powell, at some point the plaintiffs need to delineate who they 11 know -- and I got into this discussion with Mr. Tolchin. 12 you want to know what's happening in my chambers you can name 13 everybody in the court because they've all been there but 14 that's not really helpful. So if -- I don't know how you or 15 anyone on the plaintiff's side wanted to demarcate this or --16 maybe you need to come up with categories. These are people 17 that we know because we've had conversations with. These are 18 people we read about. These are people who we saw reports 19 about so that either I or defendants can make a determination about -- because ultimately what someone in discovery needs to 20 21 be able to determine is whether or not they want to depose or 22 seek any further discovery on it. 23 If you tell me that you got a report that Colin 24 Powell was informed about this I might say well, I'm probably 25 not going to pursue a deposition of Colin Powell. On the other

hand if you say you talked to Colin Powell and he told you that that would be a different story.

So if you understand that what I'm concerned about is that I be able to make a determination, the defendants be able to make a determination about whether or not there's a need to pursue additional discovery about the names that are on the list. Otherwise you could list everybody in the State

Department and what would be the point of that.

I'll give you until Thursday of next week. I rather have a good response than just a pro forma response. As with the depositions of Alazeer, also until Thursday.

Now, as to the initial disclosures. You're going to talk about that.

MR. SHONE: I was going to talk about [inaudible].

THE COURT: Either of you can go first.

MR. SHONE: The court has read Mr. Roshan letter and its complaint appears to be that they're getting too much by the way of initial disclosures or they're not specific enough or something like that. To be perfectly frank, I mean I've read each of the cases he cited. The only [inaudible] but I do need to say this. The only line in any of those cases that's relevant to any of this is in the Norman case which is from the Northern District of Illinois in which the judge says such motions are a waste of her time. What's going on here? We can take each of the nine subjects that Mr. Roshan has identified

11 as objecting to and by the way the relief he seeks is we should 1 2 be barred from using any of these things that we've disclosed 3 in our initial disclosures. We can go through each one of those and I'm happy to do it but that's --4 THE COURT: No need to do that. 5 6 MR. SHONE: The process here is called discovery. 7 they get an initial disclosure and they have some question 8 about what is its relevance beyond what's clear from its relevance from the face of it [inaudible] document here that 9 10 lays out the whole course of the [inaudible] from their 11 perspective a document they complain about and we provided to 12 them in Arabic that is a long document. These are two 13 [inaudible] major documents they generated which show a pattern 14 or practice. Serve contention interrogatories if they're 15 appropriate if you want to know why did we give you this 16 disclosure on your manual [inaudible]. Why did we give you a 17 disclosure on how to use terms like resistance when we mean 18 terrorism, that sort of thing. That's what some of these 19 documents are. 20 There's absolutely no basis for this motion. As I 21 said, I'm prepared to go through each item. It doesn't take a 22 long time. 23 THE COURT: Any response, Mr. Hill? 24 MR. HILL: Well, Your Honor, this is akin to what 25 we're dealing with with the interrogatories. My issue as you

have identified it is what if any additional discovery do I need to do about these things and I just don't know in all honesty what additional discovery I need to do about number 7, the testimony of Eric Von Dam Bodluinsky at the Nerenberg trials from January 7, 1946. It seems to me to be completely irrelevant as does an order about -- from the Israeli defense forces closing a territory in October of 2000.

To Mr. Shone's point, we sent Mr. Tolchin an email about this saying what is the relevance of these materials to this case, will you tell us, and we got no response. So from our perspective this is another hide the ball gambit where I get literally over 5,000 pages of foreign language material including everything produced in a lawsuit in Israel and I'm told that that's something they might use in this case. I don't know where to start and I don't think I should have to incur the expense of having all this translated so that I can try and devise where to start.

THE COURT: Well, these are one of those cases where I agree with both of you actually. First of all, I'm not sure what any of this ever makes it the trial in this case but if all this boils down as to whether or not the defendants need to file formal interrogatories asking why these things are important then I don't think that should have been necessary.

But as to initial disclosures I think they're different from the interrogatories which you ask are -- or the

13 request for production that you ask because then you're seeking 1 2 specific information to help you make a determination. 3 Sometimes people think things are important in their initial disclosures which go way beyond what the other party thinks 4 5 would be important and they can't see why it's important. 6 Sometimes they might not want to disclose why they think it's 7 important. 8 But I think the appropriate thing is to ask why they 9 think it's important and have the issue joined that way through 10 contention. Mr. Hill says that he asked Mr. Tolchin these 11 questions and he didn't get a response. I know a lot of things 12 have been done between the parties that have not been reduced 13 to formal discovery requests but I do think that he's entitled 14 to know to the extent you can articulate it why these things 15 are relevant so he can make a determination about what he wants 16 to do afterwards. As to how you do that, as I said, I don't --17 I'm not arguing that it be done formally but he says he's asked 18 informally and I do expect parties to cooperate. So if Mr. 19 Tolchin got an email he should have at least responded to it. 20 MR. SHONE: Judge, we're talking here about for 21 example documents from September of 2011 [inaudible] initial 22 disclosure that they're raising now as an issue. We're talking 23 here about two documents --24 THE COURT: Before you continue, make sure you know

all of the chronology because I don't know when it was first

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14 raised to Mr. Tolchin. There are a lot of things that happened 1 2 in this case. So I would suggest before anybody starts any 3 argument make sure you've got all the facts straight. I don't want to have this kind of a discussion where then Mr. Hill says 4 5 oh, no, I sent him an email here, an email there. All I'm 6 telling you is what I want. 7 MR. SHONE: Yes, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: You sit down with Mr. Hill or whoever it 9 is and you make sure that however it gets done he gets the 10 information because people are asking for information. 11 Discovery is not over and let's see if we can work that one 12 out. 13 MR. SHONE: Your Honor, I just want to make one thing [inaudible]. Some of these documents are documents which they 14 15 should have provided to us in response to discovery requests. 16 These are basic documents, a guideline -- a guide book for the 17 [inaudible]. 18 THE COURT: Before you continue with that, what you're 19 arguing is that what you think is relevant ought to be what 20 they think is relevant and that doesn't work for either side. 21 Your theory of the case and their theory of the defense may be 22 totally different. They don't agree with some of your basic 23 premises about what the relationship is between them and some 24 of the other people you're alleging they're tied to. So to say

that they should know that they're relevant -- I mean they make

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the determination what they think is relevant to their defense. You make what you think is relevant to your prosecution. They may not coincide. Indeed I think it's likely that you're sitting there saying all these things are obviously relevant to your claim and he's sitting there thinking I can't see why they're relevant. You see where we might have a disagreement here. Whether or not they think it's relevant may depend on why you think it's relevant.

Let's agree to disagree on this one and -- clearly sometimes there are things in cases where everybody agrees and if you transgress there the court may say how could you not. In this one I can't say by looking at this that obviously this is relevant but I can't say obviously it's not either. That's why I try to let the parties have that discussion so that when they join the issue I'll have something to work with.

MR. SHONE: I understand, Your Honor. The irony here of course is we're trying to avoid surprise. That's the point. At least our philosophy as to initial disclosures. That's why we keep supplementing so they don't say down the road well, we had no notice of this.

The second part of it is they just don't seem to [inaudible] these things apply not just to trial evidence but also the rule is clear, 2000 amendments are clear to any [inaudible] why is it relevant that area A was closed. They should -- again, there was a whole dispute that went on in the

case about wether the lawyers could travel to [inaudible] in area A. So we filed with them the closure notice. Area A is relevant to a pretrial issue that came up. That's all. It's not — but the sanction they seek that these things should be barred from evidence at this stage. Anyway, [inaudible] anybody. I hear everything the court said.

THE COURT: Also understand that I'm not talking sanctions here. So don't defend something I haven't put -- I haven't put on the table. The lawyers put a lot of things on the table. If I were talking sanctions we'd be having a different conversation here.

MR. SHONE: I understand that.

THE COURT: But I do think he's entitled to know what it is and until you prove yourself non cooperative I expect you'll have a conversation with him and he may still disagree with you after you tell him why you think it's important but that's okay.

MR. HILL: Your Honor, just for mechanics. Could we get a date by which the plaintiffs will provide the information about how they believe these particular ones that we complained about are pertinent or which --

THE COURT: Given what Mr. Shone has said what I expect you to do is I expect you to have a conversation and you can actually use my jury room right after we finish this and then you can send me a letter and tell me what you've come up

17 with. A little cooperation. And then that will be it. If you 1 2 can't agree then each of you can send me a letter and I'll 3 choose who's most reasonable. But I expect by Thursday that you'll either send me a letter agreeing when this is done or 4 each of you will send me a letter saying that the other side is 5 off the wall. 6 7 MR. SHONE: Judge, if I might. I know [inaudible] 8 I'm happy if the court prefers to write them a letter by next Thursday addressing each issue. Frankly, I don't know 9 10 they're required to do it but I do know they're required to now 11 because the court has said we are. 12 THE COURT: Not all the lawyers recognize that by the 13 way. 14 MR. SHONE: I recognize that fully, Your Honor, and I 15 recognize the consequences if I don't recognize it. I'm 16 prepared to write a letter by next Thursday addressing very 17 simply each one of these nine items and saying why they were 18 provided to them if that's -- that way Mr. Roshan will have it 19 and there won't be any problems in translation, that sort of 20 thing. 21 THE COURT: I still invite you to use my jury room so 22 that we don't have any misunderstandings. 23 MR. HILL: It sounds like we've got an understanding 24 here, Your Honor. Just so we're clear though, would Your Honor 25 direct that this not only include sort of a general discussion

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    about why the material is relevant but whether particualr
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   portions of it are particularly relevant because I do have
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    5,000 pages of foreign language material here and it would be
   helpful to know generally what the theory of relevance is but
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    obviously if there are particular things relevant to the seven
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    acts in this case for example that would be of great relevance
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    to me in determining what if any additional discovery --
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              THE COURT: I would put it to you this way. You're
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   having conversations with each other but you have to understand
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    that at some point if you have a disagreement you have to
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    satisfy me. If I don't find the recitation informative to me
    then that will be the determinative factor. Now, I don't know
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    how much detail, Mr. Shone, you want to get into but ultimately
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    it -- think of you're trying to satisfy me, not Mr. Hill.
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              MR. SHONE: Yes, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: I think that's a good way to go about
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    doing it.
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              Now, as to Bluestein --
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              MR. SHONE: May I be seated, Your Honor?
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              THE COURT: Yes. You got the floor, Counsel.
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              MR. SHONE: Well, I note that [inaudible] request
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    [inaudible] speak initially that's fine but --
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              THE COURT: But he's already put it in writing.
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              MR. SHONE: Okay. We contend a whole bunch of damages
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    [inaudible] we've done [inaudible] so far [inaudible] at the
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end of two weeks from now and [inaudible] things from people's teenage diaries to [inaudible] copies of things [inaudible] he has to videotapes of NBC --

MR. SHONE: Specifically we have to talk about [inaudible] court to determine whether or not this is even relevant, whether or not this is ultimately [inaudible]. Ben was a drug addict. He was. He was addicted to cocaine for years. He got suspended from Dickinson because he was addicted to cocaine. He got suspended from Brandise because he had an incident with a woman which -- it wasn't rape as Mr. Hill describes. Rather, it was mixed signals which led to a sexual assault charge and probation. This is all true. He cleaned his life up. He went to Israel. He was studying at Duke University in a career path to become an addiction counselor and that is where he ultimately was killed.

So his only claim here is for [inaudible]. Mr. Hill says all of this relevant. All of this is -- this sexual assault charge and the details about his addiction is all relevant [inaudible] center. I say no because if you look at the case law he cited which is a [inaudible] hodgepodge of [inaudible] and jurisprudence from across the 50 states -- the prior criminal convictions have to be probative of the occupational category that [inaudible] enters. Let's say he was a FBI agent, right, he was using drugs and have convictions

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   he's not going to be an FBI agent. Let's say he didn't know
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    what he was going to do. Then it might also be relevant
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    [inaudible] cited but every one of these cases is factually
    distinct from what is going on here.
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              What Mr. Hill wants to do --
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              THE COURT: So what was he going to be?
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              MR. SHONE: Well, he was going to be an addiction
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    counselor and most addiction counselors are former addicts
    because they understand the mechanics of addiction. So what he
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    was going to do really had something to do with what he had
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    overcome and I think that opening up his entire mental health
    records when his mental health is not otherwise at issue for
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    treatment which predates his death --
              THE COURT: So what kind of damages are you claiming?
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              MR. SHONE: Future loss of income.
              THE COURT: That's it?
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              MR. SHONE: That's the estate's claim. So I don't
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    think it's fair to open up his entire psychological treatment
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    for the period of before his death. I think it's fair. His
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    prior [inaudible] records [inaudible] I don't think it's fair
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    that -- I think the document requests for the universities
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    belies what Mr. Hill is trying to do. What he's basically
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    asking for -- he doesn't care about how well he did in school
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    or what his study [inaudible] which might actually be relevant
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    to future earnings. What he cares about is why was he
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21 suspended for the drugs, what was going on with the girl 1 2 because what he wants to do is put the character of a man on 3 trial, a man who's deceased because of the actions of his clients we allege and who is unable to respond. I would posit 4 5 that under the Federal Rules of Evidence if Mr. Bluestein were 6 alive and testifying at trial his prior criminal conviction 7 wouldn't even be admissible under the Federal Rules of 8 Evidence. 9 THE COURT: So what kind of documents are you really 10 looking for? 11 MR. HILL: Here's the issue from my perspective, Your Honor. I've got contradictory testimony about the nature of 12 13 this criminal charge. I have some evidence that it's a rape. I have some suggestion that it's a sexual assault. 14 I think --15 THE COURT: Well, even if that's true that doesn't address the way he's raising the issue. 16 17 MR. SHONE: Fair point on that, Your Honor. 18 MR. HILL: So I've got some evidence of this already 19 but what I don't have are the underlying documents and the 20 family didn't recollect the forum so I can't use them as a 21 matter of public record. 22 THE COURT: Right. But the point that the plaintiff 23 is making is this is future earnings, that in his past how will 24 -- assuming that you look at the record and it shows that 25 there's this whether uncertainty about whether or not it was a

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    rape or not, how is that going to affect the future earnings in
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   your theory?
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              MR. HILL: Well, I don't know if he was convicted of
    rape. I don't know what he was convicted of and that could
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    certainly affect his future employment. I don't know the
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    extent of his drug use or whether he had other issues.
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    could affect his future employment.
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              THE COURT: Let me just get this straight. We are
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    talking about future earnings. How much future earnings are we
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    talking about about a drug counselor? Am I missing something
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   here?
              MR. HILL: The claim in the initial disclosures is $10
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13
   million, Your Honor.
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              MR. SHONE: I think it's up to expert disclosures,
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    experts to determine how much a drug counselor would make over
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                 I will note that when I was in law school
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    [inaudible] Westlaw and [inaudible] basically look up criminal
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    convictions for almost anybody in the state. So for Mr. Hill
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    to sit here and say he can't --
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              THE COURT: That's not what I'm asking. If you're
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    claiming $10 million and you're saying lost earnings, I'm
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    sitting here going that seems to be a lot for a counselor and
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   maybe I suggested the wrong thing for my kids to go into. How
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   many judges do you think will earn $10 million?
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              MR. SHONE: I would posit that I think that the scope
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of the [inaudible] might be a little bit overbroad but I don't think that changes whether or not this material is relevant to figuring out if he would have got the job and the career path he was on -- let's keep in mind, the suspensions, for example, didn't affect his ability to do his education. He was in the university studying --

THE COURT: I appreciate what you've just said but what we're dealing with is that when we have these really large numbers for damages and that's why when you said it was just for lost wages for the family I say well, how much could this be. Now either the answers about damages were unduly inflated or there's something remiss here.

I agree with your major premise that if all that's at issue here is lost wages and the issue then for the plaintiff - for the defendant is how were these lost wages calculated and -- because until I know that frankly I don't know whether or not some question about his --

MR. HILL: If Your Honor is having deja vu it's not just you because one of the first issues we raised at the beginning of discovery was the failure of the plaintiffs to provide damages calculations and you remember we went around on this two or three times where I was pressing to get what in my view Rule 26(a)(1) requires which is in fact a numerical calculation of the economic damage is was claimed here. The plaintiffs -- Mr. Tolchin is not here but if he was would

acknowledge resisted that claiming that they needed an expert witness in order to calculate that.

Now, the way that we've agreed to proceed with discovery is to have fact discovery run through December 21st and have expert discovery run after that period of time. I think I am entitled now under Rule 26 to get any evidence that could relate to this claim for economic damages or could lead to admissible evidence that would relate to that claim, and that would include materials that my expert witness could potentially rely on to rebut the forthcoming expert opinion of what this man's lifetime earnings would have been had he lived. That's relevant to this. Whether it's admissible at trial is a different issue.

THE COURT: Here's the deal I'll make for you since the plaintiffs are making this -- they were required to provide for you all of the evidence that you would need factually. If there's anything in their expert report which I find would have been relevant -- would be relevant to the claim that you're now raising in terms of his criminal record or anything in his past if you can make that argument then we get to strike the --

MR. SHONE: The objection.

THE COURT: The expert report on that.

MR. HILL: Just so I'm understanding Your Honor's ruling. What you're saying is if the forthcoming expert report calculates the decedent's future earnings and his criminal

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   history, his drug addiction would be relevant to that report
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   you will strike the report for failure to produce these
 3
   materials?
              THE COURT: If you can make that case, yes. I don't
 4
   know -- I haven't seen the expert report but the expert report
 5
 6
    -- I don't see it getting up to $10 million but it's --
 7
              MR. SHONE: I don't [inaudible].
 8
              THE COURT: If the expert report just looks at drug
9
    counselors and says okay, he was here and he would have been
10
    there and he would have been there obviously plaintiff's
11
    counsel is right. He's not going to be a FBI agent. If he
12
    relies on something where a criminal record would have been a
13
    problem then the plaintiffs are forewarned.
              MR. SHONE: I understand, Your Honor.
14
15
              THE COURT: I don't know what the expert -- what
    assumption he's going to make but if he makes any assumption
16
17
    that would have been undermined by a criminal record then that
18
    gets tossed.
19
              MR. HILL: I'm just thinking, Your Honor.
20
              MR. SHONE: They're [inaudible] of his drug addiction
21
    [inaudible] forthcoming discovery on -- from the family members
22
    about the scope --
23
              THE COURT: I'm assuming that the expert is going to
24
   have this information.
25
              MR. SHONE: Right.
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MR. HILL: I guess what I'm getting here is a bit of a dodge. Now I'm getting you've already got some information. Therefore, we're going to have an expert -- what I'm saying is I want all of the information about these subjects because I think it is relevant and if Your Honor is saying look, if it in any way my expert could attack the expert conclusions of their proponent by saying this man had a criminal history, this man had a sex charge, this man had a drug addiction, you're not going to allow them [inaudible].

THE COURT: I didn't say if any way that your expert can do it. I'm not tying myself to anybody's expert.

MR. HILL: Your Honor has obviously ruled. I guess I'm in a little bit of a box because now I'm going to be arguing in the future about information I'm not going to have and how it is relevant to opinions that people are going to render. I don't know what I'm going to find.

THE COURT: You're right. I've ruled. Let's leave it at that. I don't -- but if we're talking about lost wages, and it's true that sometimes a criminal record could be an issue when you're dealing with lost wages. I have not seen or heard anything which suggests that that particular fact will be inappropriately used by some expert but we all know that he's been arrested. We all know that he's got a record. I don't know knowing the intimate details of it is going to make a difference at a trial because I don't see that being the issue

27 1 at trial. 2 MR. HILL: Your Honor, may I raise one other request 3 specifically? THE COURT: Yes. 4 MR. HILL: That's for the name of this witness who the 5 family could only recall the first name of. May I have 6 7 documents if they have them that identifies this person's name 8 because this person may have knowledge independent of what's in the record so far because the record as it's developed 9 indicates that he was with the decedent on at least one 10 11 occasion when they were arrested together and that he sold the 12 decedent drugs. This is obviously someone who has firsthand 13 knowledge of the decedent's criminal activity and may be aware 14 of other things that are not yet in the record and if I don't 15 get that --16 THE COURT: What's your objection to that? 17 MR. SHONE: A) My clients are looking for whether or 18 not they have their son -- their dead decedent's son drug 19 dealer's home number or address. So that's one issue my 20 clients may not have that information. B) I think again it's getting at information which is [inaudible] admissible. 21 22 THE COURT: But there's a -- understand, there's a 23 difference between him going into the record and trying to find 24 something in the record that somebody else might have missed. 25 I think that's going to be problematic at a trial.

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1
              MR. SHONE: Right.
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              THE COURT: On the other hand if you have an actual
 3
   witness which I don't know what they're going to say about this
   person they may know something about him which might undermine
 4
    any claim that he has.
 5
              MR. SHONE: That's possible, Your Honor. I do not
 6
7
    know if my client has that information. I will respond to it.
 8
              THE COURT: If you can't give him stuff -- information
9
   you don't have but if you have it I'm ordering that you give it
10
    to him.
11
              MR. SHONE: Okay.
              THE COURT: I think that finishes us.
12
13
              MR. SHONE: Thank you, Your Honor. If I could. Could
    I just ask that we set a conference [inaudible] we'd like to
14
15
    ask that we have a conference within -- sometime around three
    weeks. I ask for three weeks. I know we're going to be before
16
    Judge Daniels on November 1st on another completely unrelated
17
18
    issue. I don't suggest the court should in any way take my
19
    problems into account. I do fly in especially for these
20
    things.
21
              THE COURT: Lucky you.
22
              MR. SHONE: Is it possible to do it on the 1st?
23
              THE COURT: What time is your conference with Judge
24
    Daniels?
25
              MR. SHONE: We don't have a time. He set it for
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29
    October 31<sup>st</sup> on the -- at 10:00 but the other side [inaudible]
1
    asked that it be moved to the 1^{\rm st}. I responded to them that's
2
 3
    fine with me. We don't have the time yet.
              THE COURT: First of all, what does our 1st look like,
 4
    Michael?
 5
              THE CLERK: We have -- [inaudible].
 6
 7
              THE COURT: We could?
 8
              THE CLERK: Yes.
9
              THE COURT: Well, 10:00 is a possibility. Let us know
10
    when Judge Daniels gives you a time. Actually I wouldn't mind
11
    having it the same time when you're here with Judge Daniels.
              MR. SHONE: Can I call chambers and just tell chambers
12
13
    what time [inaudible]?
14
              THE COURT: Sure. Anything else?
15
              MR. HILL: So tentatively we'll be back before Your
    Honor on November 1^{st} on the two issues that were deferred
16
17
    today?
18
              THE COURT: That's correct.
19
              MR. SHONE: And the other issues that might be raised
20
    before then.
21
              THE COURT: You mean you can come up with other issues
22
    between now and then? We'll see you then.
23
              MR. SHONE: Thank you, Your Honor.
24
              MR. HILL: Thank you, Your Honor.
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         I certify that the foregoing is a court transcript from an
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    electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-
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 3
    entitled matter.
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                                          Shari Riemer
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    Dated: October 12, 2012
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